

THEME 2 PLANS

FUNCTIONS

1. Describing future plans and arrangements
2. Expressing one's ideas in unplanned situations
3. Making oral presentations on a planned topic

LANGUAGE SKILLS and LEARNING OUTCOMES

Listening

E10.2.L1. Students will be able to catch the details of future plans and arrangements in a recorded text/video.

Pronunciation

E10.2.P1. Students will be able to practice intonation in asking and answering questions in daily conversations.

Eg. Are you coming to the movie? (rising intonation)

I'm afraid I can't. (rising intonation)

Speaking

E10.2.S1. Students will be able to talk about their own plans for the future.

E10.2.S2. Students will be able to express their ideas in unplanned situations.

Reading

E10.2.R1. Students will be able to identify specific information about people's future plans and arrangements in a text.

E10.2.R2. Students will be able to skim a text to draw a conclusion.

Writing

E10.2.W1. Students will be able to write an opinion paragraph about their plans.

SAMPLE USAGE

I am going to fly to New York this summer. I've already bought my ticket.

When are you going to take the exam?

A: Are you coming to the movie this afternoon?

B: I'm afraid I can't. I'm meeting with my friends at the café.

A: And you? Are you free this afternoon?

A: I won't be in Erzurum for some time.

B: When will I see you again?

A: My family and I are going to come back in September.

A: Susan is looking for you.

B: Ok, I'll see her in the classroom.

We should leave the house now. Our bus leaves at 8:30 a.m. and we have 15 minutes to catch it.

I think I'll be a teacher in 10 years from now.

I'm sure you'll be very rich one day.

He is having a job interview on Monday.

Let's do a project together.

I'd love to but I am going to help Ali with his homework.

I always keep my promise.

THEME 2 PLANS VOCABULARY

Student's Book

Jogging : Yavaş tempolu koşu
Hang around : Takılmak
Arrange : Ayarlamak, düzenlemek
Explore : Keşfetmek
Memory : Anı
Patient : Sabırlı
No sweat no sweet : Emeksiz başarı olmaz
Dormitory : Öğrenci yurdu
Aviation : Havacılık
Oriental : Doğuya özgü
Wizard : Sihirbaz
Hug : Kucaklamak
Promise : Söz vermek
Decision : Karar
Let the river flow : Akışına bırakmak
Vacation : Tatil
Careless : Dikkatsiz
Spontaneously : Spontane, anında
Coolheaded : Serinkanlı
Effort : Çaba, gayret
Fade : Solmak, zayıflamak
Tutor : Özel öğretmen
Speech : Konuşma
Exceptionally : İstisna olarak, olağanüstü
Take off : Havalanmak
Bird strike : Uçağın kuşlara çarpması
Invent : İcat etmek
Spill : Dökmek
Faint : Bayılmak
Rip : Sökmek
Poor me : Zavallı ben
Purse : El çantası
Bump : Çarpmak
Hold on : Bekle
Improve : Geliştirmek
Consider : Düşünmek
Fed up : Bıkkın
Satisfy : Tatmin etmek
Bond : Bağ, yapıştırmak
Circumstances : Koşullar

Workbook

Balance : Dengelemek
Trouble : Sorun, problem
Suggest : Önermek
Sum up : Özetlemek
Choice : Seçenek
Optimal : İdeal, uygun
Must : Zorunluluk
Randomly : Rastgele
Rely on : Güvenmek
Overwhelm : Boğmak
Exhausting : Çok yorucu
Engage : Meşgul etmek
Embrace : Kucaklamak, benimsemek
Failure : Başarısızlık
Ultimately : Sonunda

Exaggerate : Abartmak
Delay : Ertelemek
Outer : Dış, harici
Wander : Boş boş dolaşmak
Invite : Davet etmek
Delicious : Leziz
Band : Grup
Graduation : Mezuniyet

THEME 2 PLANS GRAMMAR

FUTURE TENSES

1. BE GOING TO FUTURE TENSE

*** We use the future with be going to for future plans and intentions.

- My father is going to see his dentist next week.
- My friend is studying medicine. He's going to be a doctor.
- We aren't going to be at home tomorrow.
- We're going to visit our grandparents.

*** We use going to (do) for prediction in the near future. The speaker is sure because there are signs about it.

- She is standing at the edge of the cliff. She is going to fall
- A: What is the problem? There are strange noises in the lift.
B: I think the lift is going to break down .Let's get out!
- A: I feel cold.

B: Look at those black clouds. It is going to rain.

- A: What is the matter with you?
B: I feel terrible. I am going to be ill.

2. SIMPLE FUTURE TENSE

*** We use the Simple Future Tense for spontaneous decisions

- "Tea or coffee?" "I'll have tea, please."
- A: What would you like to drink?
B: I'll have a Cola Turka , please.
- A: The phone is ringing.
B: Ok. I'll answer it.

*** We use the Simple Future Tense for predictions about the future, usually with perhaps and probably or after the verbs think, believe, hope, be sure, etc.

- I'm sure he'll be the champion.
- We'll probably go there tomorrow.
- I think she will come here by 10 p.m.
- I hope I'll get there on time.

3. PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE (FOR FUTURE MEANING)

*** We use the Present Continuous for future actions related to personal arrangements.

- * I'm flying to London tomorrow.
- * We're going to Madrid next Wednesday.
- * Katie is having a garden party this evening.

4. PRESENT SIMPLE (FOR FUTURE PROGRAMS)

*** We use the Present Simple for future actions related to official timetables or programs.

- * The graduation ceremony starts at 2 p.m. next Sunday.
- * The plane arrives at 9:30 a.m. tomorrow.

THEME 2 PLANS GRAMMAR EXERCISES

A. Michael has a plan for each day next week. Read his diary and write sentences.

Monday	meet Sam
Tuesday	go to the cinema
Wednesday	play basketball
Thursday	have lunch with Lisa
Friday	work late
Saturday	wander stores
Sunday	clean the house

E.g. On Monday, he is going to meet Sam.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

B. Choose the correct choice

1. James called. He's coming over for lunch.
A. Great! I'll cook.
B. Great! I'm going to cook.
2. Do you have any plans for the weekend?
A. Yes, we will visit our grandparents.
B. Yes, we're going to visit our grandparents.
3. Jane, can you wash the dishes?
A. I'll wash them in a minute.
B. I'm going to wash them in a minute.
4. What is Samuel doing with that phone?
A. He will call and order a pizza.
B. He's going to call and order a pizza.
5. Why are you meeting Alice tonight?
A. She will help me with my wedding preparations.
B. She is going to help me with my wedding preparations.
6. I'm hungry. The refrigerator is empty.
A. Don't worry. I'll make a sandwich for you.
B. Don't worry. I'm going to make a sandwich for you.
7. Why don't you go to bed? It's too late.
A. I will have a test tomorrow.
B. I am going to have a test tomorrow.
8. Look at those black clouds!
A. It will rain.
B. It is going to rain.
9. Do you need a car for tomorrow?
A. No. Carol will drive me to the office.
B. No. Carol is going to drive me to the office.
10. Jason, I need your help. The TV is out of order.
A. Calm down! I'll be right there.
B. Calm down! I'm going to be right there.
11. The phone is ringing.
A. OK. I'll get it.
B. OK. I am going to get it.

C. Complete the dialogue between Tim and his wife Sandy to make it meaningful using the affirmative, negative and interrogative forms of 'be going to'.

Sandy : Will you get ready, Tim?

Tim : I don't want to. This _____ be a funny dinner. I _____ stay in.

Sandy : Come on. It _____ be boring. It _____ be fun.

Tim : Kate _____ show her holiday photos. Patrick _____ talk about his camping adventures. We are going to listen to him talk about everything in details and this chat (6) _____ put me to sleep. By the way, what _____ have for dinner?

Sandy : We _____ eat beef steak.

Tim : Come on! I don't want to eat overcooked meat. Patrick _____ overgrill them again, but still, he _____ boast about his perfect barbecue skill, all night.

Sandy : Sweetie, we had better quit it here. You know they're our besties. I'm sure you love their chat.

Tim : Don't worry! Just kidding. I _____ be ready in a minute.

D. Underline the correct verb form.

1. We will **send/ are going to** send the invitation cards this weekend.
2. I think Arnold **is going to win/ will win** the game.
3. Michael and Brandon **go/ are going** to Bill's fancy dress party this evening.
4. The wedding ceremony **starts/ will start** at 8 p.m. tomorrow.
5. My sister **will study/ is going to study** physics at university.
6. We've bought the tickets. We **are travelling/ will travel** to Rome next Friday.
7. The girls **will probably make/ are probably going to make** the birthday cake for him.
8. Everything is ready. We **will fly/ are flying** to Barcelona in three hours.
9. The Liverpool train **leaves/ will leave** at 7:15 p.m. tomorrow.
10. Zoe and Andrew **will get/ are getting married** next Saturday.

E. Use the correct verb form to complete the sentences.

1. A: What time _____ the concert _____ (start) next Thursday?
B: It _____ (start) at 10 p.m.
2. A: What are your plans for this evening?
B: I _____ (watch) a DVD with my flatmates.
3. A: Do you want to buy the blue T-shirt or the green one?
B: I _____ (buy) the blue one.
4. A: I can't come to see you tonight.
B: Why?
A: Because I _____ (finish) my maths project.
5. A: Helen's late for work again.
B: I'm sure the boss _____ (get) very angry with her.
6. A: What do you think about the new footballer's performance?
B: Well, he's really talented. Perhaps he _____ (score) lots of goals during the tournament.
7. The supermarket _____ (open) at 10 a.m. tomorrow.
8. A: I can't solve this geometry problem!
B: Don't worry. I _____ (help) you with it.

F. Complete the sentences using will ('ll) or going to.

1. A: Why are you turning on the television?
B: I _____ the news. (watch)
2. A: Oh, I've just realised. I haven't got any money.
B: Haven't you? Well, don't worry. I _____ you some. (lend)
3. A: I've got a headache.
B: Have you? Wait there and I _____ an aspirin for you. (get)
4. A: Why are you filling that bucket with water?
B: I _____ the car. (wash)
5. A: I've decided to repaint this room.
B: Oh, have you? What colour _____ you _____ it? (paint)
6. A: Where are you going? Are you going shopping?
B: Yes, I _____ something for dinner. (buy)
7. A: I don't know how to use this camera.
B: It's quite easy. I _____ you. (show)
8. A: What would you like to eat?
B: I _____ a sandwich, please. (have)
9. A: Did you post that letter for me?
B: Oh, I'm sorry. I completely forgot I _____ it now. (do)
10. A: The ceiling in this room doesn't look very safe, does it?
B: No, it looks as if it _____ down. (fall)

İNGİLİZCE DERSİ 10. SINIF 2. ÜNİTE WORKSHEET

A. Read the paragraphs and write “True” or “False” (6x3=18p.)

Serhat : I am going to spend my holiday in Bodrum. I am going to stay in a small hotel by the sea. I am going to meet my friends there. We are going to surf and water-ski. We are going to go sightseeing in Bodrum, too. It is great because we are going to stay for two weeks

Mary : We want to spend our holiday in Thailand. We are going to stay in a great hotel. We are going to visit the Grand Palace in Bangkok. It is going to be a great fun. We are going to take a trip up the Chao Phraya River. My dad is going to try river rafting. I am going to ride an elephant and take wonderful pictures. We are going to taste Thai cooking. I am going to buy some interesting souvenirs.

1. Serhat is going to stay in a big hotel _____
2. Mary's father is going to try river rafting _____
3. Serhat is going to meet his family there. _____
4. Mary is going to ride a camel _____
5. Serhat is going to stay there for two weeks. _____
6. Mary isn't going to do shopping there. _____

B. Match the sentences (10x3=30p.)

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|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. I am setting the table | a) I am going to buy a present |
| 2. She is wearing her pyjamas | b) The party is going to start |
| 3. Mum is sitting in front of the TV | c) It is going to rain |
| 4. The boys are next to the pond | d) We are going to have dinner |
| 5. Asli is studying Maths | e) I am going to fly to İstanbul |
| 6. Everybody is here | f) She is going to have exam |
| 7. Look at the black clouds | g) I am not going to drive to work |
| 8. I have a plane ticket | h) She is going to watch a film |
| 9. Tomorrow is my brother's birthday | i) They are going to swim |
| 10. My car is broken | j) She is going to sleep |

1. ... 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.

C. Make sentences using the phrases in “Be Going to” Future Tense (6x2=12p.)

see a doctor / buy a new car / visit him / go to bed early / finish it / invite her friends

1. Ayşe is giving a party tonight. She _____.
2. Our car is old. We _____.
3. The book is very interesting. Metin _____.
4. I miss my grandfather very much. I _____.
5. They are very tired. They _____.
6. Ali is ill. He _____.

D. Use “be going to” or “will” (10x2=20p.)

1. Have you had lunch? I _____ (make) you a sandwich if you want.
2. Next month we _____ (visit) our friend in Chester.
3. In ten years, no one _____ (use) CDs any more.
4. It's such a lovely day. I think I _____ (walk) home.
5. There's ice on the path. _____ (slip) and fall.
6. I'm so excited! We _____ (move) to a bigger house next month.
7. My sister _____ (pass) the exam, she has studied very hard so far.
8. I _____ (take) the kids to the mountains this winter.
9. A. There isn't any sugar at home
B. OK. I _____ (go) the shopping
10. A: There isn't any milk left in the fridge
B : Oh sorry!, I _____ (give) you some juice instead.

E. Write your plans for the weekend using 5 sentences (5x4=20p.)